



The Wood Spinner

Central Virginia Woodturners <http://www.centralvawoodturners.org>

AUGUST 2014



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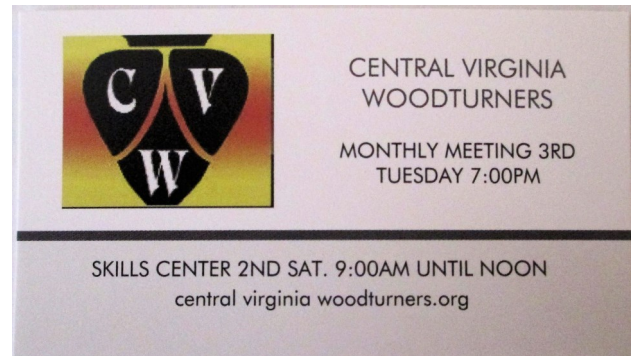
President's Corner

Another great turnout of 53 members and visitors for our regular monthly meeting. Thanks for coming.

Fred Williamson provided a power point program titled "Some Thoughts on Professional Presentation." There was something for everyone, delivered with a big smile and humor too! Our club is so fortunate to have Fred as an active member. We gained a mass of good information from his experiences as a developed professional. The handout is exceptional. Please respect that it is copyrighted. Many thanks, Fred!

We introduced an experimental business sized card for all club members to use. Possible uses by members are:

- 1) A member could carry a few in wallet or in vehicle and hand out to potential new members as a recruiting tool.
- 2) Members can make card available with club brochures at various venues in which they sell their turnings.
- 3) Members can use at shows as handouts along with club brochures.
- 4) Members can use the back of card for own name/advertisement.



Please get a supply from Richard at meetings. This is an experiment, so add ideas. Jim Oates used www.vistaprint.com (very reasonable and easy site to use) to create for club. Thanks, Jim.

Officers and Management team members addressed many topics/activities that will be covered in the minutes. Thanks to members Peter Welch and Bob Davis for providing water and Rolf Gebel for fans.

Please turn safely. Dennis

Cover photo: Cherry Globe by Fred Williamson

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Skills Improvement Session, July 12



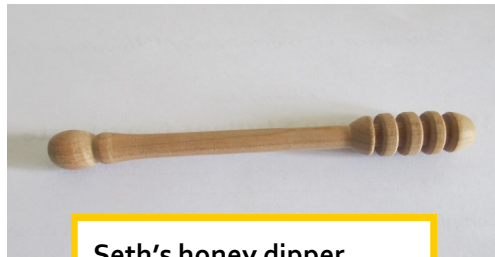
Seth Robinson turns a honey dipper

Ten people participated in the Skills Training session this month. Don Voas brought a honey locust log for those who wanted to try green bowl turning. After the welcome, safety reminders, and introductions Don used the honey locust log to demonstrate the proper ways to cut a log for turning blanks, and to prepare differ-



Seth shows his work with mentor, Jim Oates

ent orientations to best cussed how to tell if the best directions for speedy plained how jam chucks different types for differ-



Seth's honey dipper

show the grain. We also dis-chain is getting dull and the cuts. Dennis Hippen then ex-are used and showed several



Dennis gives pointers to John Calabria and Mark Todd

ent bowl edges. After that we broke up and did sharpening or individual instruction.

Bob Welch mounts a honey locust blank as Don Voas watches



Attendees were: John Calabria, Seth Robinson, David Robinson, Bob Welch, Mark Todd (a visitor from California who found us via our web site) and Rolf Gebel. Mentors were Dennis Hippen, Don Voas, Mars Champaign, and Jim Oates.

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Rolf Gebel watches as Bob Welch turns green honey locust



John Calabria sharpens as Mark Todd and mentor Dennis Hippen check his technique.



Mark Todd gets a pointer from Dennis Hippen



Don Voas's log trimming jig.
Photo by Dennis Hippen



Left: Don's jig in use to trim a green wood blank for turning.
Photo by Dennis Hippen

Right: Don Voas stabilizes the jig as Bob Welch trims a honey locust blank.





Calendar

August 9: 9AM -Noon - Denny Martin Woodturning Skills Center

August 19: Mars Champaign demonstrates turning an off-center bowl.

September 13-14: Virginia Woodturner's Symposium. No CVW club meeting.

October 11 – 9AM -Noon - Denny Martin Woodturning Skills Center

October 21 – Richard Landreth demonstrates Jamieson Boring System

November 8 – 9AM -Noon - Denny Martin Woodturning Skills Center

November 18 – TBD

December 9, Christmas Social . Note this is 2nd Tuesday

December 13 – 9 AM to Noon – Denny Martin Woodturning Skills Center



FIRST GRADUATE OF THE SKILLS SCHOOL

During the regular meeting of the CVW on July 15, Denny Martin Skills Improvement Center Coordinator Jim Oates presented Seth Robinson with a certificate acknowledging Seth as the first graduate of the center's training classes. Seth, who is the youngest member of the club, began his training in January and has become a prolific and skilled creator of art from wood. Congratulations Seth.



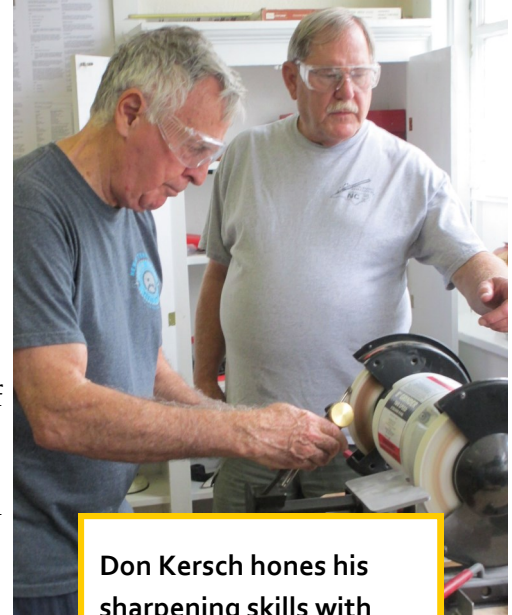
August 9 at the Skills Center

We had a good turnout for the skills session and a good demo of



Peter Welch demonstrates natural edge bowl turning

natural edge bowl turning by Peter Welch, some spindle mentoring and a great deal of sharpening instruction by Dennis. Part of the show was connecting the sanding station



Don Kersch hones his sharpening skills with assistance from Dennis

Lan- ny Campbell and Tom Evans and starting it up for the first time. Peter donated several florescent fixtures which will be a tremendous help in improving the lighting in the room when installed. During the whole time some of us were working on cleaning and packing items for the Symposium as well. Fortunately there was a large turn out as we

didn't think the prep work would take so much time and had originally planned only a half hour. Time went fast thanks to the doughnuts and sweet rolls provided by Dennis and coffee to keep the energy.

Thanks to all for a very successful and enjoyable day.

Jim Oates, Skills Room Coordinator



Rolf Gebel gets advice from Jim Oates



A tool rest gets some cleanup attention from Don Voas



August, 9 at the Skills Center, continued



Peter proudly displays his natural edge poplar bowl



Light shines through the thin walls of Peter's bowl

Several members who participated in cleaning up and /or preparing equipment and gear for use next month in the symposium were inadvertently missing from the photos taken by your editor. My apologies to: Tom Evans, Richard Landreth, and Jay Lindhjem.

Cherry Challenge pieces are still available. If you missed the drawing at the last meeting, you can still enter the challenge by buying a chance at the Aug 19 meeting. Bring your \$2.

Wood Turners Symposium, September 13, 14, 2014

This event provides an environment of networking, education and collaboration for members of the regional woodturning community. Through active demonstrations, we provide avenues for expression in one's woodturning, as well as introducing non-turners to the craft. Over 300 people attended the Symposium in 2012 and 22 vendors had a busy weekend! Featured demonstrators this year are Stuart Batty and Molly Winston.

Be sure to put Friday, September 12 on your calendar so you can help with setup. Your assistance will be appreciated. To register for the symposium go to:

http://www.virginiawoodturners.com/symposium/paypal_registration_cart.html



July Show and Tell



Don Voas



Roger Authers



Jimmy Guynn



Jason Levinson. Note the centerfinder made of squares and clamps



Fred Williamson

Fred Williamson. At right is his table saw safety rip jig described in our July issue



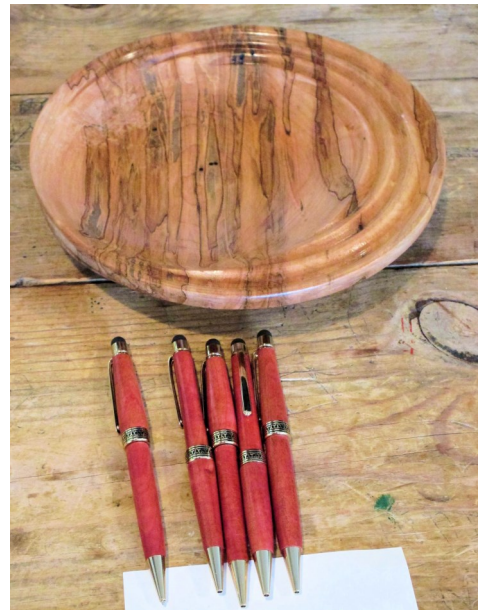
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Hippen

Dennis Hippen



Mars Champaign's ambrosia maple off-center bowl and pink ivory pens



Phil Evans "Air Bowl" from red oak root



Phil Evans red oak bowls and, in back, proof that he can turn a solid bowl.



Seth Robison with his cedar bowl, cutting board, lid, honey dipper, and lidded box. Not shown are the several tops he made and brought to show.



Barbara Dill , assisted by Phil Evans, shows her jig to bolt on the lathe . The jig will counter balance her multi-axis turning. She asked members for helpful advice. (She says she has received helpful ideas from members and has solved some of the issues. So far, so good!!!)

Monticello Tulip Poplar Featured on NBC29 TV

Those who watch NBC29 Charlottesville for news may have seen Fred Williamson's brief appearance in their news feature about Jefferson's Monticello Tulip Poplar on the Sunday evening, Aug 10, and Monday morning, Aug 11, newscasts. This from Fred: *Well, I was on indeed on Channel 29 TV, but oh so briefly for all the time and all the interviewing. They really cut out all the articulate, thoughtful, insightful, and passionate not to mention wise comments I made right out!! Rueful smiley face. I had hoped they would have at least put in the bit about what an honor it is to work with it, and how special the wood is. But some nice images in the gallery, and good face time by Susie Fulmer, shop manager. I had brought in the un-sanded bowl and a gouge as an afterthought, and held them up after the interview, and behold!*

For more about the Monticello poplar go to: www.nbc29.com and click on News Links, then on 08/10 Monticello Tulip Poplar Tree.



Some Thoughts on Professional Development and Presentation

Although not everyone here wants to be a professional turner (and I salute you for that, doing it as a hobby can be much more fun), almost everyone has tried to sell their work now and then. This presentation is geared towards that. A friend once told me, "There is no depression that sales won't cure." It's so true. And the reverse is also true, if you put your work out that you have worked hard on and are proud of, and there are no takers, it can really bring you down. I've certainly had both experiences, and I'd like to share with you some of what I've learned from it. This will come as a series of tips that taken together may help you progress in your work. Positive progress is what we all strive for, isn't it?

To begin with, there is a basic dynamic at play that works very much in our favor. The public is engulfed in a sea of mass produced items, is saturated with pushy advertising. What we have to offer is the opposite. We make hand-crafted one-of-a-kind items, and a lot of people really appreciate that. In terms of volume production there is no way we can compete with China, Hickory NC, or CNC routers. But we do something they can't do when we take particular care in what we make and add the personal touch. In a sense we offer ourselves in with what we make. This is something to pay attention to. It's in the details, the presentation, and being there for the customer that matter.

So here is a list of things that come into play as you approach the field. The first part will deal with the work we do, and the second part on how we present it.

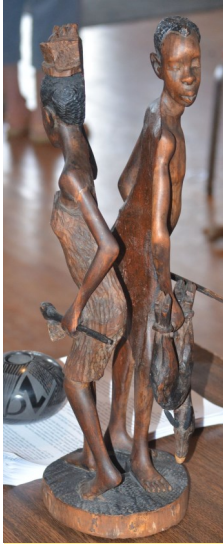
1. My basic philosophy is to try to have each bowl have presence. You want what you make to stand up on its own merits, to stand out. It's a goal you can't always live up to, but it's a worthy goal to pursue.
2. Do the very best you can on each piece. This goes without saying, but that extra bit of time on sanding can make quite a bit of difference to the customer. I once had a buyer who sold most of my bowls in various galleries she owned, and one time she brought back a whole set of bowls to be re-sanded. I was much offended at first, as I had spent a good bit of time sanding them in a much more tedious fashion than I do now. But I had to admit they felt a little rough. That's when I learned to re-sand after the first coat of finish has dried. The feel of the bowl in the hand does make a difference. This is one time it really pays to be a little OCD.
3. Sign your work with care. Initials are not enough. Put on your name, date, the wood, and a title if you are so inspired. Again, it was that same buyer who asked me to switch, and of course she was right, because it really helps the customer to connect with you as the individual artisan. I once heard of a potter who was much taken by all the fine antique Japanese pottery which was unsigned, and who de-



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The signed piece of native art (see previous page) Photo by David Rhodes

decided to make unsigned ware himself. It didn't work. Sales plummeted. So back he went to signing his work.

3. Really take your time on the initial shape of the bowl. Aim for a constant fluid curve at all points of the vessel. Also, be aware that the bowl's base while still on the lathe will always look smaller than it will once it is cut off. This is an optical effect, as I believe that while on the lathe the eye projects a curve down into the faceplate area that disappears once the faceplate is cut off, leaving the bowl looking squat. That is, unless you are going for the squat effect, (which I might add is more prone to cracking).

Also, discipline yourself to stop working on a piece when the wood shows fatal cracks or flaws. A knot near the lip, a crack from the pith line in the bottom, it's hard to do, but either shrink the bowl and cut it away, or chuck the whole piece away. Time is short, and getting shorter. We only have so many hours left to turn, quite a finite number. This is also important for practical reasons for functional bowls. The crack or knot that opens up in the bottom will come back to bite you. However, artistic pieces break all the rules as such cracks may be a vital part of the bowl's presence.

If you really want to get good, "**stand in front of the lathe.**" You simply have to put a lot of time into it. After a month or so of not turning, I find I have to spend a day just to regain my touch.

PS, there is nothing like really sharp tools to make you look good and work faster and more efficiently. Don't hesitate to re-sharpen as soon as your tool **STARTS** to get dull, it saves a lot of sanding time in the end. And while we are at it, interesting wood also creates half the value of a piece.

4. Nurture your aesthetic tastes. Go to art museums and exhibits when you get the chance, read articles, buy a few books, and include art of all kinds. It will fuel your internal creative energies, foster your appreciation of designs and colors that work, and will be your own art personal education program. At least that's been my experience. I never went to art school and had to learn on the fly. When I was living in remote rural West Virginia, every trip to Richmond or DC was intensely important to me, and I felt tangibly nourished when I got to browse the many museums, such as the Renwick, the Hirschhorn, the Freer, Corcoran, and Sackler galleries, and of course the various exhibits at the East Wing of the National Gallery of Art. Dale Chihuly's glass can be just as inspiring as a David Ellsworth exhibit, and a room full of Van Gogh, or Edward



Navajo Pottery

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Curtis photographs, or ancient Greek statues will feed your soul. We are lucky to be so close to DC here. The Center for Art in Wood in Philadelphia is not so far away.

5. Dip your feet in the water. You've got your captive audience of friends and family, but try selling your wares at a few shows. This is hard to do at first, deciding where to apply and what to take and how much to put into it. But there is nothing like the general public to let you know where things stand. You may find like I did that you might put a lot of work into one piece you really like, and there may be some interest expressed, but **no** sales. Then there is that other piece you kind of knocked off with little thought, and it sells right away. And when that happens over and over, you have to notice.

Now, the fact is that tastes are regional, and what doesn't sell in one place might sell somewhere else. So the corollary is you have to ***find your market***. Or put another way, ***follow the sales***. The public is voting with their pocketbooks. If there is a type of bowl you really admire and really like to make, it's no use trying over and over to sell where they aren't appreciated. You might have to go travel to find your market.

6. I might add here, when exhibiting in a booth, the "less is more" dictum really seems to hold. Over



Dale Chihuly glass. Photo by Fred Williamson

and over I've seen the un-crowded booth do better than the crowded one. And the same holds for the styles you are showing. It is good to focus on just a few styles or forms, and play with variations within that field. You will find plenty of creative room there, plenty of challenge for your skills, and you will end up with a pleasing display that is not a scattered smorgasbord. I now think one of the underlying effects of the simpler display is the public gets the sense that you are really mastering it, you really care with the details. If you have a lot of salad bowls you naturally want to put them all out to give people the choice, but try not to pile



Fred's Booth. Photo furnished by Fred

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them in too much.

7. Take time with the presentation of your work. You naturally want to put as much as you can out on display, and you naturally want to focus on that and not on the display. But a few fold-up tables with some kitchen tablecloths on them don't cut the mustard. You've simply got to put some time and effort into it, along with some careful thought about the effect, not forgetting the traffic flow.

8. Pricing. Enough said, eh? It's a difficult subject. At the end of the day you charge what the market can bear. Start low and keep raising the prices until they don't sell. But you can't just rest on the shoulders of others and price what they are getting. It's not as simple as that. If I turn a bowl just like David Ellsworth that does NOT mean I can get a price like he does. No way. He worked hard to get where he is. You have to build up your own name and reputation, and then the sales will follow.

9. Don't be afraid to charge a good bit more for pieces you are really proud of and put a lot of time into. They may not sell right off, but they will help sell the less expensive pieces. And they will reflect that you believe in yourself and in what you are presenting. I once got to go to a nifty little restaurant in lower Manhattan that had a lot of \$35-55 plates, and then one that was \$225! I was impressed. It was something like a huge haunch of meat exotically prepared with great side dishes, and there was no doubt that it would be a memorable meal for a special occasion. I was inspired by the chef's confidence to proudly price high on the special (though I didn't buy).

10. General PR:

A. Get some business cards. These can be fairly simple, contact info is what you want there, but if you can come up with a catchy image, go for it. Just remember to keep it simple so it easily reads graphically.

B. The next step is to come up with a good card to go with each sale. This is worth spending some time on, as this is what will connect you as a person with the bowl once it gets home. A photo of yourself is essential, as well as something showing you at work, hands to wood as it were. Spend time on the text as well, because people will be studying over it. My bi-fold cards cost me \$1.00 each where I have them printed, so I hand them out judiciously, but it is well worth the expense to be liberal if someone is passing through but looks like they might buy in the future.

C. If you are looking to expand your exposure and your reputation, get a website too. This is indeed a whole separate topic, so much to it, but there are numerous programs out there for the

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novice, as well as specialty ones like WordPress or Weebly. You can pay someone to do it for you, or spend the time learning it yourself and spend A LOT of time doing it. Check out Roger Chandler's new website. It is stunning. Artisticwoodtreasures.com. The website is your universal business card now.

11. I might mention, the alternative to shows is to sell in galleries, and that can be an excellent alternative. Although you may blanch at the 50% markup most of them charge, it is indeed their cost of doing business. When I have calculated how much it actually costs me to do a show it comes out to 30%. And that is assuming my sales are good enough so the booth fee is only 10% of sales (the basic rule of thumb). It certainly doesn't always work out that way. You could have been home turning all that time. And once again, you have to find your market, find which galleries work for you.



Roger Chandler's web page. Photo by Fred Williamson

12. Document the best of your work. Take time to make some good photographs. This is a whole separate topic, but if you get a decent digital camera and some medium grey backdrop paper you can get some good images. Avoid colored cloth backgrounds, unless they are black felt or such.

13. Keep track of yourself. This is a rather ambiguous statement, but it is all too easy to get stuck in patterns you might not recognize at first. I like to come into my shop and go into the finishing room and take a look at what I made the past few days, and see how things are going. This gives me a fresher perspective, as you spend all that time looking at the bowls sideways as you turn. Or take a look now and then at photos of past work, and you might be surprised how certain pieces look different to you now. You might even be surprised how good some of them look, inspiring you to move back that way.



Group Three Red Maple, a documented example of Fred's work. Photo furnished by Fred Williamson

14. If you apply to exhibits, and for that matter to high end shows, be prepared not to get in. But you must not let you get this down. There is so much that depends on the individual jurors, and

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not your work. It really can be random. A friend who is now quite well known as an artistic spoon maker, Norm Sartorius, was rejected when he first applied to the Smithsonian Show. The next year he sent in the very same slides and got rave reviews for them. I believe this is accurate, and he's been a staple exhibitor there ever since.

15. One basic principle is that the more you keep exposing yourself to the public the more you will become known for what you do. When that begins to happen people might start seeking you out, and that will build up your confidence as well as encourage you to continue. As you hone your skills and develop your own style, you will become better and better until you drift into being an expert!

16. If you end up being really serious about it, it will pay to get involved in the larger woodturning scene. IE, attend the symposiums, get to know the big name turners, and publish. Barbara Dill is here as an example of that. I've done poorly in that field, and tend to keep to myself. I keep thinking of articles to write, but just thinking is never enough, is it?

17. Be prepared to spend a good bit of time on the business end of the enterprise. Record keeping, filing taxes, website, filling orders, preparing PR ... you'll spend a lot of time at the computer in addition to at the lathe.

18. And my final bit of advice is to take it easy. Sure, go with your ambition. But also grow slowly, grow organically. Keep your day job for sure, right? Buy your tools carefully, as you find you need them and not when you learn about the latest thing, and buy the best you can afford. Quality will always pay you back. And grow your exposure and your market in a similar fashion. Just keep at it, and before you know it, you'll be the expert on call!



Curly Apple

Photo furnished by Fred Williamson

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